

Carolinas HealthCare System

## **Designing Energy Behavior**

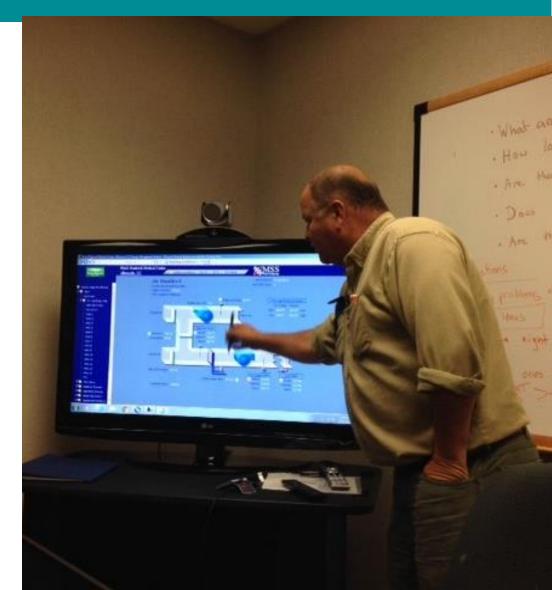
Leading Change in Carolinas HealthCare System Kady Cowan

> NCHEA Annual Conference Ashville North Carolinas August 22, 2017

### Agenda

- Environmental Sustainability at Carolinas Healthcare System
- Why People Matter in Facility Energy Management
- Program Design
  - o Theory
  - Methods
  - o Insights
- CHS Case Study
  - Energy Connect
- Q & A





### About Me...

#### LEADING ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

I am an environmental scientist. For 15 years I have been working to make sustainability easy in large complex settings

#### Goal

**Focus** 

**MOVE MOUNTAINS** 

I rely on system thinking, environmental psychology, social innovation and natural resource management

#### Methods

### **INNOVATIVE BUSINESS TOOLS**

I use strategic and operational tools such as human centered design, developmental evaluation and storytelling

#### Results

### \$2.5M ANNUAL SAVINGS

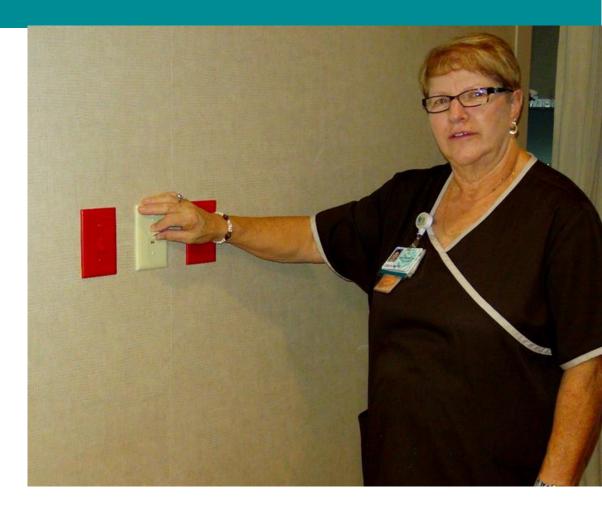
Our energy behavior program in 4 Canadian hospitals resulted in \$2.5M in annual savings or 10% of system wide utilities





### **Carolinas HealthCare System**

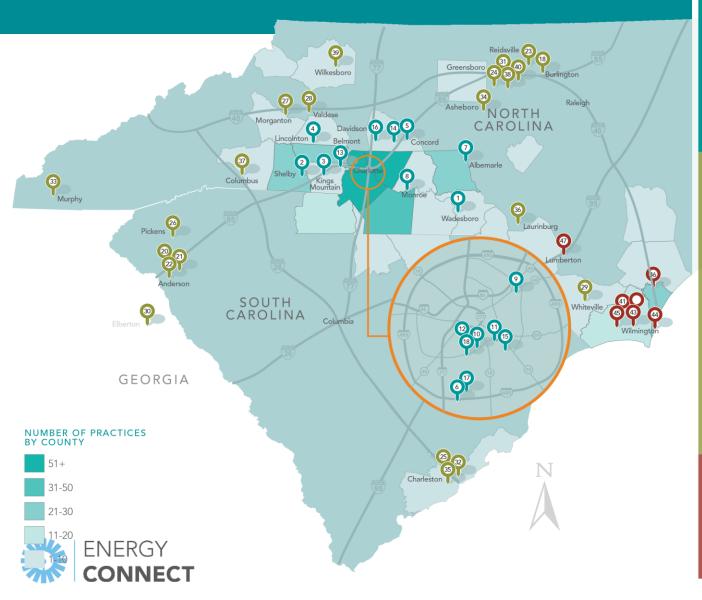
- 940 care locations
- 62,000+ staff
- 7500 beds
- 17.5 M ft2
- 12.5 M patient encounters/year
- Utilities \$37M
- Energy Management born in 2012







#### CAROLINAS HEALTHCARE SYSTEM TOTAL ENTERPRISE HOSPITALS GREATER CHARLOTTE REGIONAL PROVIDER PRACTICE HEAT MAP



#### PRIMARY ENTERPRISE

- 1. Carolinas HealthCare System Anson
- 2. Carolinas HealthCare System Cleveland
- 3. Carolinas HealthCare System Kings Mountain
- 4. Carolinas HealthCare System Lincoln
- 5. Carolinas HealthCare System NorthEast
- 6. Carolinas HealthCare System Pineville
- 7. Carolinas HealthCare System Stanly
- 8. Carolinas HealthCare System Union
- **9.** Carolinas HealthCare System University
- 10. Carolinas Medical Center
- 11. Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy
- 12. Carolinas Rehabilitation
- 13. Carolinas Rehabilitation-Mt. Holly
- 14. Carolinas Rehabilitation-NorthEast
- 15. CHS Behavioral Health-Charlotte
- 16. CHS Behavioral Health-Davidson
- 17. CHS Rehabilitation (Pineville)
- 18. Levine Children's Hospital

#### REGIONAL ENTERPRISE

- 19. Alamance Regional Medical Center
- 20. AnMed Health Medical Center
- 21. AnMed Health Rehabilitation Hospital
- 22. AnMed Health Women's and Children's Hospital
- 23. Annie Penn Hospital
- 24. Behavioral Health Hospital (Cone Health)
- 25. Bon Secours/St. Francis Hospital
- 26. Cannon Memorial Hospital
- 27. CHS Blue Ridge-Morganton
- 28. CHS Blue Ridge-Valdese
- 29. Columbus Regional Healthcare System
- **30.** Elbert Memorial Hospital
- 31. Moses H. Cone Memorial Hospital
- 32. Mount Pleasant Hospital
- 33. Murphy Medical Center
- 34. Randolph Hospital
- 35. Roper Hospital
- 36. Scotland Memorial Hospital
- 37. St. Luke's Hospital
- 38. Wesley Long Hospital
- 39. Wilkes Regional Medical Center
- 40. Women's Hospital (Cone Health)

#### AFFILIATED ENTERPRISE

- **41.** Betty H. Cameron Women's and Children's Hospital
- 42. New Hanover Regional Medical Center
- **43.** New Hanover Regional Medical Center Behavioral Health
- 44. New Hanover Regional Orthopedic Hospital
- 45. New Hanover Regional Rehabilitation Hospital
- 46. Pender Memorial Hospital
- 47. Southeastern Health

### **Ask Yourself?**

Does health care create health problems?

### Environmental Sustainability Solutions (ES2) Collaborate + Innovate + Accelerate







## Why Hospitals?

- There are about 6000 hospitals nationwide
- U.S. hospitals use more than 8% of the nation's energy
- Financial rule of thumb
  - Every \$1 saved on utilities equals \$20 in revenue
- Examples from hospitals of how humans interact with their sociotechnical environment to make energy decisions is scarce







## **CHS Technical Energy Saving Success**

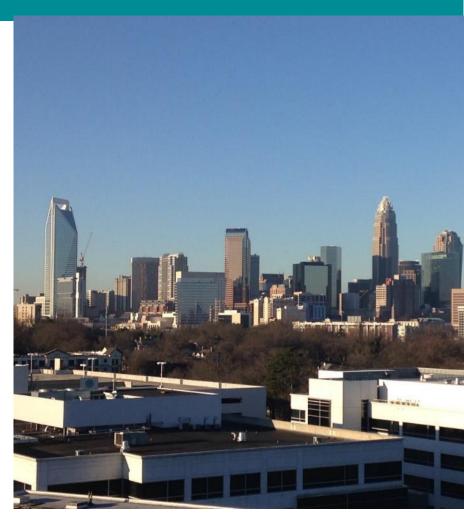
#### Goal 2012-2017

- Reduce Energy Use Intensity (EUI) by 20% in 11 Charlotte area hospitals
  - Baseline EUI 283
  - Current EUI 237
- To date achieved **16%** savings
- Saved over **\$5.4** million

### **Projects include**

- OR setbacks
- Upgrade to digital controls
- Chiller optimization
- Fault detection software







### Why <u>People</u> Matter in Facility Energy Management



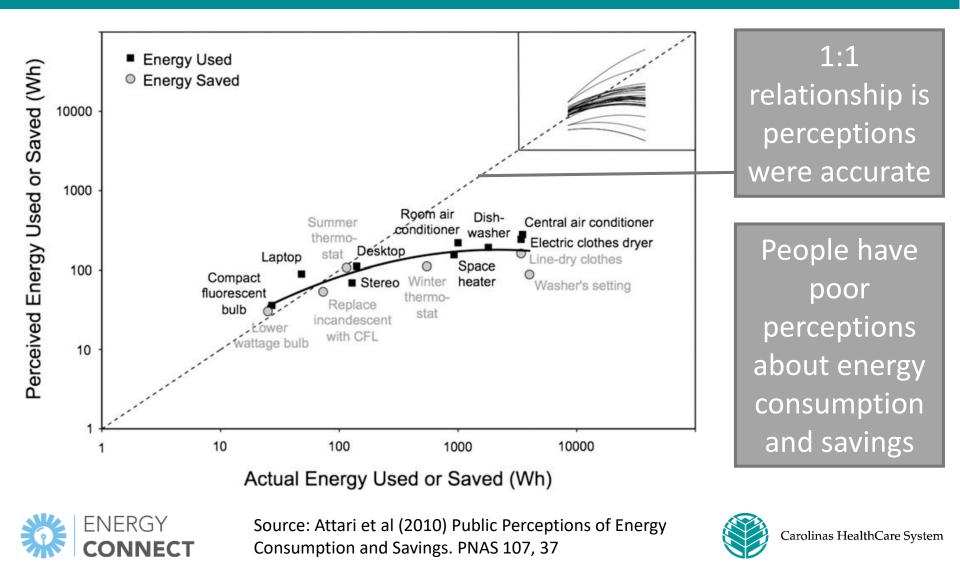
### Think about your work place....

What energy related process or technical change is not performing as you would have hoped over the long term?





### **Perception and Energy Savings**



### **Examples of Energy Waste**

- 1. Consultant recommends industrial pump retrofit with 15% rate of return. Client declines.
- 2. School envelope upgraded, but gas consumption does not decrease.
- •These scenarios are normal
- Rational economics only partly explains actions related to energy consumption

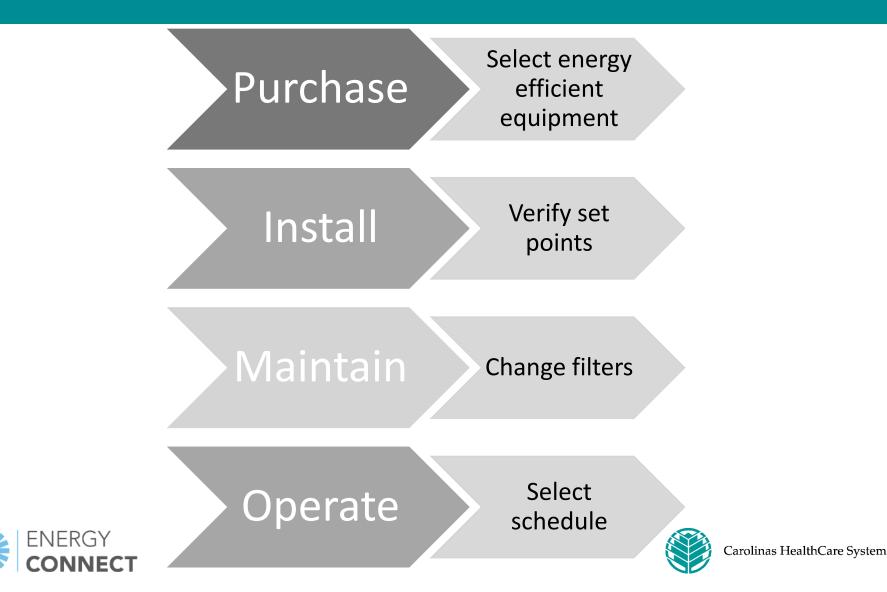
### •People are not always rational !!



Source: Lutzenhiser (1993) "Social and behavioral aspects of energy use" Ann Rev Energy Envr v18, p. 247



### **Multiple Entry Points for Behavior**



### **Examples of Energy Saving Behavior**

#### **Energy actions - carrying out the tasks that save energy**

## Process and equipment operation modifications/optimization

- Temperature, pressure, flow, speed set points or modulating control
- Changing sub-components for size, accurate operations
- Staging equipment for maximum efficiency

### **Maintenance activities**

- Leak tag of steam, condensate, air
- Tuning: repair/replacement of broken components, cleaning, adjusting, lubricating

## Process scheduling and throughput improvement

- Match runtime to needs, maximize parts/batch
- Programing boiler controls

### Shutdown procedures

• Off hours, or unneeded equipment

#### Productivity and quality improvements

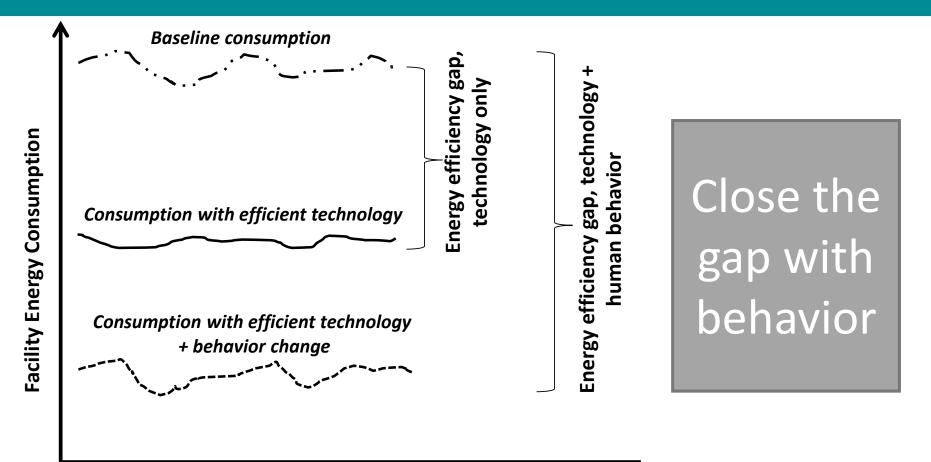
• Time, space utilization



Source: Mazzi E., Cowan K., Westervelt E. (2015) in "Guide to Energy Management" By Capehart, Turner and Kennedy.



### **Efficiency Gap**



#### Time



Source: Mazzi E., Cowan K., Westervelt E. (2015) in "Guide to Energy Management" By Capehart, Turner and Kennedy.



### Program Design ::: Theory Methods Insights :::



### **Behavior Change Programs**

### "The energy system begins and ends with the human need for services"

source: TASK 24 - IEA DSM Behavior Change Task Force

**Programs** refer to the various techniques, organizational rules and interventions which are designed to influence people to increase the occurrence of desired energy-saving actions.

**Interventions** are only limited by your imagination; legislation, incentives, social norms, feedback, training, competition, awards, champions, dashboards.....







- Connect teammate activities to energy savings at work
- Connect teammates by talking about energy savings at work
- Connect teammate values to energy actions at work

### Impact: Energy Connect at CHS will help link human actions to energy savings, natural resource conservation and patient experience.



### **Behavior is a Design Challenge**

"As designers we must remember that behavior comes first always. The quirky, the obscure, the vain, the annoying, the wonderful."



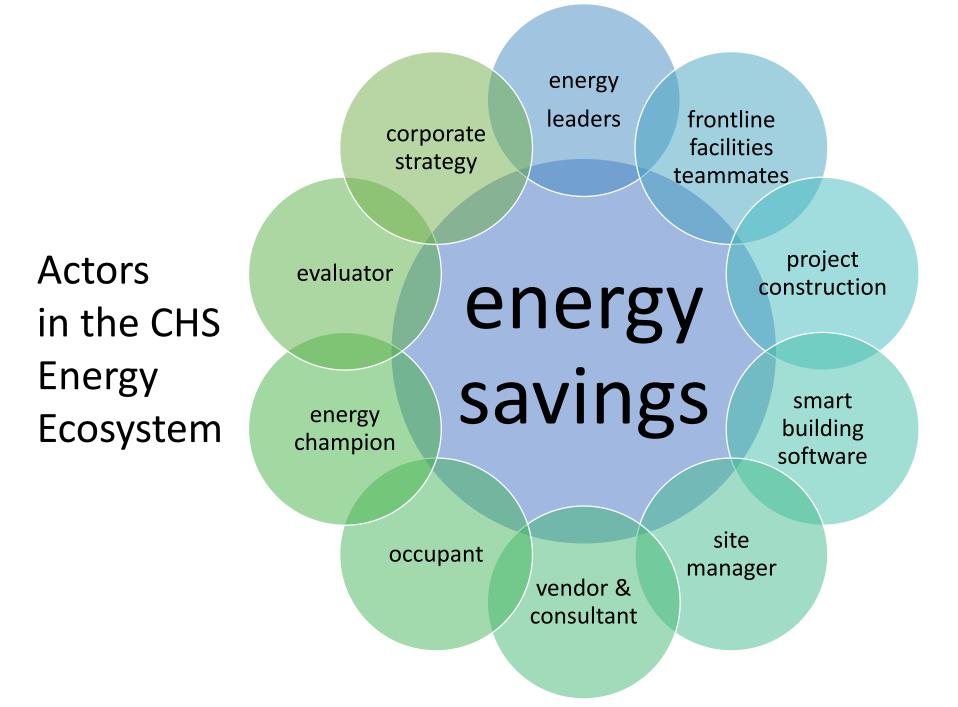


### Energy EcoSystem

Energy EcoSystem is the interaction of all processes, actors and technical parts of the energy landscape. It acknowledges and accounts for variability, unpredictability and interdependence.







### How Much Does Energy Behavior Save?

- 2% utility wide?
- 30% facility wide?
- How much can an engaged building mechanic save you?
- A security guard?
- A CFO?

		IEALTH CARE Buildings	2,083 bBtus OF ENERGY	Commercial Beh Is used in health care buildings annually. This is 3.7% of Charlotte's todal commercial energy demand.	evior Wedge Profile 5.1% REDUCTION	Opportunities by Building Type   16 of current energy use in health care buildings is possible through the behavior related actions and choices identified in the following pages.	
			Annual Energy Demand by Energy End Use		Annual Savings Opportunity by Energy End Use		
		(bBtu)	(Percent)	(bBtu)		(Percent)	
000-	Space Heating	283	13.6%	16.9		16.0%	
9	Space Cooling	190	9.1%	10.0		9.5%	
5	Ventilation	207	9.9%	7.2		6.8%	
-	Water Heating	470	22.6%	28.8		27.4%	
	Lighting	515	24.7%	21.1		20.0%	
	Cooking	54	2.6%	0.6		0.6%	
	Refrigeration	40	1.9%	0.4		0.3%	
-	Office Equipment	19	0.9%	3.5		3.3%	
	Computers	53	2.5%	15.1		14.3%	
0	Other	251	12.0%	1.8		1.7%	
	Total	2,083	100.0%	105.4		100.0%	

According to modeling estimates, health care buildings in Charlotte could reduce their energy consumption by an estimated 5.1% or 105 bBtu. As shown in this table, the combined energy demand for space heating, ventilation and space cooling represents the largest end uses for energy in health care buildings (neary 1/3 of total demand). Upthing and water heating also contribute substantially. These same energy end uses also represent the largest samings opportunities. According to model estimates, savings from HVAC-related actions could reduce consumption by 34 bBtu, while savings from water heating and lighting could add up to an additional 50 bBtu. Estimated energy savings from the top 24 actions/choices are presented on the next page.

### HealthCare Energy Savings in Charlotte (2015) "up to 5% with minimal investment"



Source: Human Dimensions Research Karen Ehrhardt-



Martinez

### **Three Myths of Behavior Change**

- Behavior change is mind-control and manipulation We design behaviors together
- 2. Access to information will result in desired behaviors Rational economics only partly explains actions related to energy consumption - people are not always rational
- 3. Attitudes predict action

People have poor perceptions about their energy habits



# WE'VE GOT TO START SOMEWHERE





### **Embrace the Complexity**



### Confusion





### Simple Rules

Good: Solutions that stick Bad: New problems





### **Program Elements**

### target audience and behavior

indicator of success







### **Thinking In Systems**







### **Program Design**

Step 1) **Collaborate** by convening a multidisciplinary team to create a sense of ownership and find solutions faster

Step 2) **Discovery** phase begins with a deep understanding of the needs and motivations of people

Step 3) Sense making narrow down what you've learned into themes and patterns

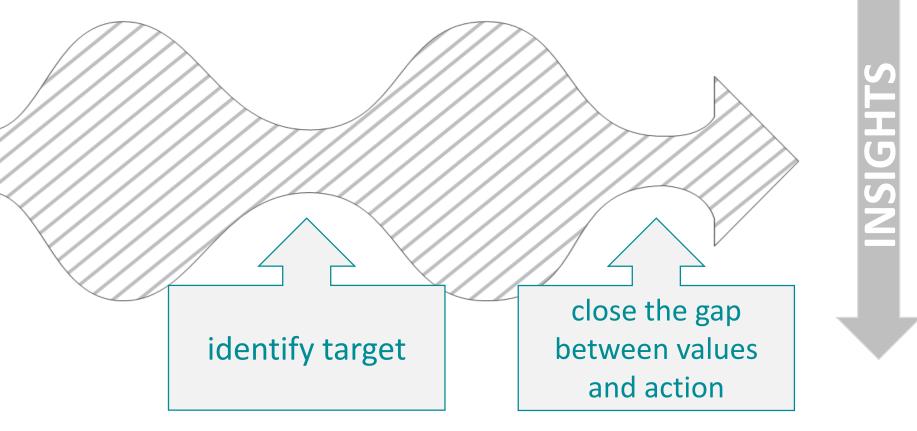
Step 4) **Try something** rapidly evolve your ideas into tangible actions based on real feedback





### **Cast a Wide Net**









### **Program Objectives**

- Compliments energy management already n progress
- Systemic solutions that are grounded in human needs
- Integrated focus on people, process and technology
- Habits persist for the long-term
- Looking beyond capital intensive projects
  - operations over upgrade
- Engaging full spectrum of stakeholders executive sponsor to workforce champion
- Establishing a continuous improvement process
- Developing a culture of energy savings





### **Insights - Hospital Operations**

- Extreme operational demands
- Decision making and financial silos
- Highly regulated sector
- Hierarchical and rule based culture
- Standards not consistent nor consistently implemented
- Extreme risk aversion
- Lack of route for right information to the right people at the right time
- 24/7 operations sometimes used as an excuse to take no action or delay action





### **Insights - Hospital Energy Savings**

- Evidence of mixed energy messages across the organization
- Focus on partial solutions in lieu of investigating for root cause
- Stronger willingness to invest in fixing problems then for higher first cost
- Sites and vendors not always connected to same energy goals
- Frontline teammates experience frustration when they see missed energy opportunities
- Frontline staff not engaged in energy actions or decision making
- Inconsistent documentation of issue related to energy





### **Insights - Building Operators**

- Some are very enthusiastic about energy
- They don't want to get in trouble
- They are involved with multiple systems and tasks
- They need permission to take energy actions
- They need a path to aquire technical expertise
- They don't have much bandwidth for new programs





### If we get it right....

- Customized program with targeted measureable behavior interventions that yield predictable results
- Increase energy savings
- Retain energy savings over the long-term





- Account for energy behavior early and often
- Turn energy from abstract to personal with stories
- Reduce building scale complications
- Count behavior as an asset



# **CHS Case Study: Energy Connect**



# **Energy Connect**

#### Target:

 Each teammate is aware of and can act in their own role to contribute to energy savings

#### **Result:**

• Eliminate excess energy waste across the system through simple actions saving \$1.5M year



# **Equivalent to hiring 25 mechanics**





# **Brief History of Energy Connect**

Participatory Research			
Surveys	Training Grant 2016-2018 DOE building re- tuning		
Focus Groups		Design Team	
Interviews		Test locations	
Workshop		Interventions	
Summit	Revised Curriculum	Baseline	
		Evaluation and proof	





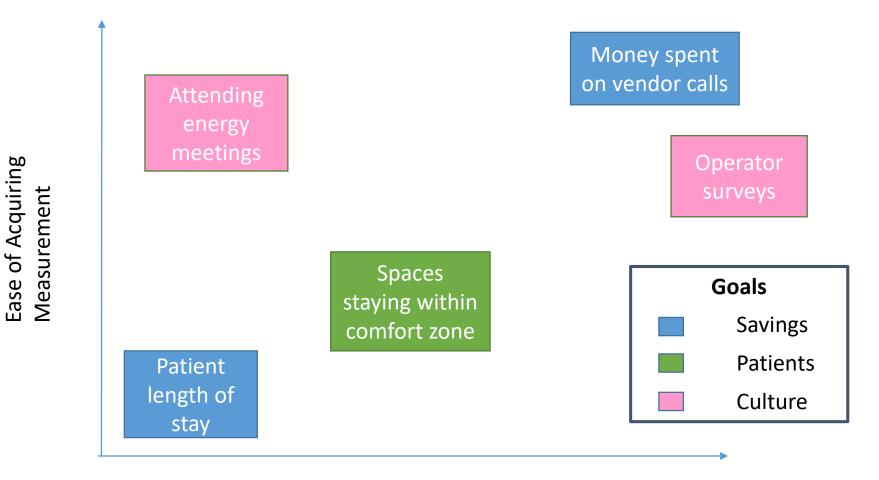
### Goals:

- 1. Save Money and Energy
- 2. Empower Building Operators and Mechanics
- 3. Create a Culture of Energy Savings
- 4. Positively Impact Patient Experience



Impact: Energy Connect at CHS will help link human actions to energy savings, natural resource conservation and patient experience.

# **Measurement and Evaluation**





Usefulness



## **Evaluation Matrix**



Usefulness

\*Monthly billing data should be normalized and adjusted. Thus, even though it is already collected, it may be slightly more difficult to prepare than other data

\*\*Definition of "adjustments" and "overrides" should be determined. This will be collected using a paper log book until BAS can be automatically programmed to do so (and possibly after ward as well). \*\*\* This requires computer programming, therefore it could be difficult

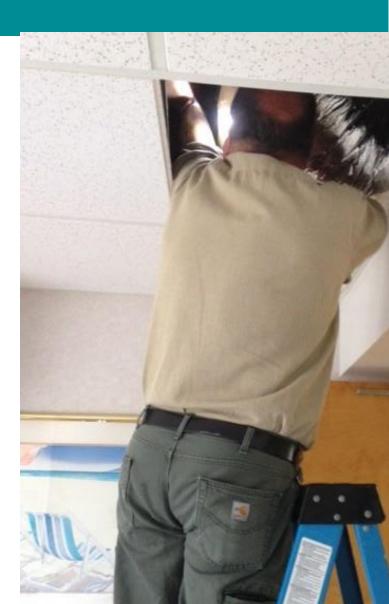




# **Energy Connect for Building Mechanics**

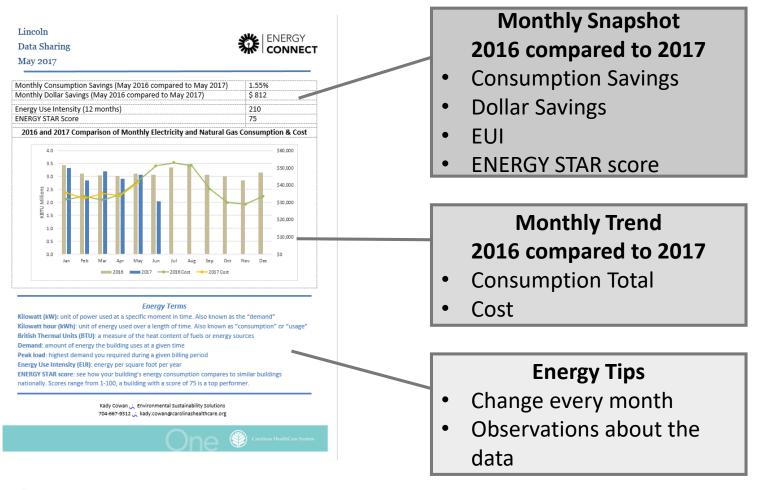
## First 5 interventions:

- 1. Make data visible
- 2. Select and support a site based energy champion
- 3. Develop and hot/cold call response process flow
- 4. Document adjustments in the BAS
- Promote conversation between occupants and facilities with regard to energy savings





# **Data Sharing with Frontline Monthly**



FNFRGY



#### Medical Center Plaza Case Study Estimated 30% energy savings in the building rough Thursday, January 19, 2017 С 1,400 kW, kVAR 1,200 1.000 800 600 400 200 000037 <sup>Jan</sup> 10 0,30 <sup>an</sup>77 Jan , Jan 2 San 3 Jang . Jans. San 6 San > Jan B Jang Jan Za an 14 <sup>Jan</sup> 76 an Is Jan 79 <sup>Van</sup>73 <sup>Jan</sup> 18 <sup>Jan</sup> 75





# **Co-Benefits: It's all about the people**

- Job satisfaction
- Organizational echo
- Social cohesion
- Sense of belonging
- Easy to act
- Sense of pride
- Smoother operations
- Patient and staff comfort
- HCAHPS





Embed energy savings more deeply into the fabric of the organization

# **Energy Stories...Bring Energy to Life**

#### Everyone has a role to play...

Once upon a time... there was a pediatric building that was always cold during the winter months.

Every day... the peds nurse would set the thermostat to 90F and over all this time, the suite temperature never increased and always stayed freezing.

But, one day... the engineer took a look at the discharge air temperature from the vents and found that the temperature was very cold even though the thermostat was set high. He then checked the attic and found that outside air dampers were left open. He fixed the dampers to operate properly and closed them to the minimum level.

Because of that... the building site began to warm up and make all the nurses and children happy.

Until finally... the engineer and his team now check the dampers every day during the winter.

And ever since then... everyone is warm and happy and thankful to the smart engineer.

# You Are Already a Behavior Changer

# Thank You

# Kady Cowan

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